THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

No 18, Vol. 1. **NEW WESTMINSTER, THURSDAY, JUNE 13, 1861.** **Price 1s. or 25 cts.**

POETRY.

WHERE THERE'S A WILL, THERE'S A WAY.

AUT VENIAM VIAM, AUT FACIAM.

It was a noble Roman,
In Rome's imperial day,
Who heard a coward croaker,
Before the battle, say:
"They're safe in such a fortress;
There is no way to shake it"—
"On!" exclaimed the hero,
"*I'll find a way, or make it!*"

Is Fame your aspiration?
Her path is steep and high;
In vain he seeks the temple,
Content to gaze and sigh;
The shining throne is waiting,
But he alone can take it,
Who says, with Roman firmness,
"*I'll find a way, or make it!*"

Is Learning your ambition?
There is no royal road;
Alike the peer and peasant,
Must climb to her abode;
Who feels the thirst for knowledge,
In Helicon may slake it,
If he has still the Roman will
To find a way, or make it!

Are riches worth the getting?
They must be bravely sought;
With wishing and with fretting,
The boon cannot be bought:
To all the prize is open,
But only he can take it,
Who says, with Roman courage,
"*I'll find a way, or make it!*"

In Love's impassioned warfare,
The tale has ever been,
That victory crowns the valiant,
The brave are they who win.
Though strong is Beauty's castle,
A lover still may take it,
Who says, with Roman daring,
"*I'll find a way, or make it!*"

ITEMS OF WAR NEWS.

THE WOMEN AND THE WAR.

SPEECH OF VICE PRESIDENT HAMLIN YESTERDAY AT COOPER INSTITUTE.

GRAND MASS-MEETING OF THE LADIES OF NEW YORK.

The Large Hall of the Cooper Institute Crammed to Inconvenience—The Example of the Good Samaritan to be Imitated—Our Gallant Soldiers to be Soothed in their Hardships, and their Wounds Dressed by Delicate Hands—Important Speech of the Vice President of the United States, etc:

One of the grandest and most noble sights that it is possible for the eye to rest on, was presented at eleven o'clock Monday Morning in the large hall of the Cooper Institute, where upwards of 3,000 brave and philanthropic ladies assembled for the purpose of adopting a plan of concerted action, by which they might be enabled to devote themselves to the cause of the suffering soldier and his bereaved relatives and friends in the present lamentable crisis at which our country has arrived. Among those thousands of Spartan women were those whose delicacy of *physique* showed that they had been nurtured in the lap of luxury. What a noble sight then was it to see those ladies offerin to place themselves in the imminent perils of the battle field—to go amidst the roar of cannon and the clatter of swords to attend to the wants of the bullet-stricken and sword-pierced soldier, and when all hope is lost—when his life is on the wing from a field of carnage to a valley of peace—to lean over him like a ministering angel and pour such balm into his bursting heart as will send him on his long journey in a sublime dream of elysian happiness.

The platform was occupied by a large number of ladies, besides members of the clerical and medical professions, and other prominent men. The Hon. Hannibal Hamlin, Vice President of the United States, occupied a seat near the Chair.

SPEECH OF MR. HAMLIN.

As soon as silence had been restored the Vice President addressed the audience as follows:—

Mr. President, and Women of New York—In a time like the present, which is one of action rather than words, and in such presence, there is, indeed, an embarrassment in the language I might use to express my thoughts. The cold logic of the head would hardly seem to do justice to the occasion, while the warm and generous impulses of the heart might be obnoxious to the charge of boasting, which is neither an evidence of patriotism nor courage. And still, if I can say a single word—for which none but myself will be responsible—to aid or cheer you in the rugged pathway of duty, I am willing to contribute that word. (Applause.) We present to-day such a spectacle as the world has never witnessed in any age or country. In all the loyal States there beats in men and women's bosoms but one single heart. (Applause.) And that heart beats in vindication of our common country and the liberty we inherited from our fathers. (Applause.) We have differed in opinions upon the passing questions of the hour, but they are passed, and they are a sealed book. Let the dead bury the dead. (Applause.) We are to-day forgetful of the past. We live with the stirring present around us, only in bright hopes of the future; and in the discharge of the duties that devolve upon us depends that future. Why is it that you, women, in such vast numbers from this Empire City have gathered from your humble and your luxurious homes? Why is it? Why is it, but that you feel as men feel, that all that we have, and all that is valuable in life, is at stake and is imperilled? (Applause.) There is nothing, from the stirring marts of commerce up to all the endearments that cluster around the domestic altar, that is not in the issue. Of what use is commerce in all its ramifications—of what use is home with all its endearments, without it is guarded and protected by the law? All these are assailed by those who are attempting to subvert the government under which we live. The Stars, which are the hopes, and the Stripes, which are the emblems of liberty, have been ignominiously dishonored; our public property and our fortifications have been assailed and taken by rebels from their rightful owners; and the government under which we live is threatened with subversion. These are the things that have stirred the hearts of men and women until all united. (Applause.) These are the things that have brought you together here—these the causes which have united us all as one. And let me say there is no other course to pursue now but the vindication of the government under which we live. (Applause.) It is a false philanthropy—it is a false humanity that shall falter now in this trying hour of trouble. The safety of the republic consists in the energy and efficiency of the government (Applause.) The loyalty of the people is unquestioned. De-truction only is with those who falter. These are stirring times, and now we must test the question, whether we have or have not a government? To abandon that great question now is to abandon all. (Applause.) In one sense of the word there is some truth in the allegation that the contest is a sectional one. On the broader and more comprehensive view it is not so. It is a question of government or no government. This is the true question which we have to settle—whether we have a government, whether we received that government from our fathers, and shall perpetuate it to those to come after us? (Applause.) That is the question, however variously sections may array themselves upon either side. How we are cheered along the pathway of our duty by the kind and cordial aid which woman gives. You have met here for the purpose of perfecting more thoroughly an organization which shall be of incalculable benefit to the cause. Your sons, your husbands, your brothers, who have gone forth to battle for all that you hold dear and valuable to you, will be sustained in the hour of conflict and in the hour of pain, when they know that their mothers and sisters are devoting their best energies to give them comfort, whatever their condition or wherever they may be. Our grand cause, and the prayers that will go up to heaven for them and their cause, will stimulate them in the hour of battle, and after it shall pass away. (Applause.) God bless you, women of New York! Rome, in the days of her culminated power, never witnessed scenes like these. The world has never seen it. Here palatial parlors are devoted to the manufacture of useful and necessary articles for sons, brothers and fathers, who have gone to war. You have met here to systematize your work and to invite the co-operation of others throughout the land. Let me tell you they will come from every green hillside and every valley all over New England, my home, and from every loyal State. (Loud Applause.) They will co-operate with you; they will form one grand central point, pour in their contributions, and send to you those who are competent to alleviate the sufferings of the sick and wounded. (Applause.) They will co-operate with their nimble hands and their means—all join with you in their prayers to heaven, to aid that cause which all know to be so just. And with your co-operation—with your prayers, and appealing to the God of Heaven for the rectitude of our purpose and the purity of our cause, we know that liberty shall be perpetuated in our land. (Loud applause, in the midst of which Mr. Hamlin took his departure from the building.)—*New York Herald.*

HENRY W. BEECHER ON HIS TRAVELS.

The Rev. H. W. Beecher, who has been absent from home for two weeks, returned on Wednesday, and presided at the prayer meeting in Plymouth Church on Friday evening. He had been out to Indianapolis, and, we understand, returned by the way of *Virginia*.

In the course of some remarks Mr Beecher said that he had lived to see an age of heroes. If such things as now happened every day had been recorded in the days of Epaminondas, every schoolboy would glow with enthusiasm in reading them. While he was in Indiana, an old man, 92 years of age, who had fought in 1812, and in Indian wars, came to Camp Morton, and insisted upon going with the volunteers "to show the young men how to fight." Another, 65 years old, with hair and flowing beard white as snow, implored permission to join, but being refused, went to a barber's, had his beard cropped, and his hair and beard dyed, and again applied for admission. Not being detected, he was received, and being asked his age, replied "*rising* 35!" A man on horseback, watching the camp, said to the crowd near him, "If I could only dispose of my wife and children, I'd go in a minute." A man who knew him stepped up and said "I'll take care of them." "Hold my horse," cried the other, and with one bound he was in the camp, and a volunteer. A party of young men rode several miles (we forget how many) to enlist, and went to the Governor's house. He sent them away three times, saying he could take no more. At last they surrounded his door, and told him they would *stand there until he took them into the army.* The Governor had to give in!

Four hundred Kentuckians crossed over, almost in a body and enlisted for the Stars and Stripes. They could not get a chance to serve the good cause at home, and were determined to find a way to fight for the Union. A wealthy planter in Tennessee sent four of his sons for the same purpose. (Those are the genuine Union men of the South.)

One poor fellow from Kentucky came over alone and enlisted at Madison. A crowd of friends were shaking hand with other volunteers whom they knew, but he, being a stranger, remained unnoticed. He burst into tears and exclaimed "There's no one to bid God bless me!" Instantly a hundred men rushed at him and bore him up in their arms, while the whole multitude shouted forth their blessings upon the noble-hearted patriot.

Mr. Beecher said he might multiply instances all night. The most delicate seemed most heroic. He had asked a young lady, apparently fragile and shrinking, whether any of her three brothers are going. She lit up like fire—"*Every one* of them! I'd have them shot if they didn't! It's all a man is good for now!" was her vehement reply.

In conclusion, Mr. Beecher said that while he went heart and soul into this war, he never felt less bitterness toward the South than now—never more sorry for them. The last thing he wished to see was a servile insurrection. He prayed to God to avert it, and trusted that Slavery might be blotted out peacefully. And he especially deprecated all mobs at the North. He had seen the teeth of a mob set toward him, and it always looked to him like a brindled wolf. When it looked the other way, it was not a bit handsomer!

An elderly lady, at the close of the meeting, said that she was about to start for Washington as a nurse, her services having been accepted. She was warmly greeted. Mr. Beecher said he was making up a list of nurses for home service, as most of the sick would be forwarded to New York. The meeting then closed.

Henry B. Beecher, the eldest son of the Rev. H. W. Beecher, and Mr. Scoville, who, it is understood, is son-in-law in prospective of Mr. Beecher, have both enlisted in the 13th Regiment of this State.

Over one hundred members of Plymouth Church and congregation have enlisted for the war. Ten go together in company C, 4th Regiment. A member of the church has engaged to furnish every one going from the church with revolvers, up to the number of 200.

The church will make ample provision for the outfit of its members. Gen. H. B. Duryea, and Col. A. M. Wood of the 14th Regiment, are both attendants at Plymouth Church. It will be well represented.

TIGHT TIMES IN MISSISSIPPI.—The money pressure appears to be pretty tight in the northern counties of Mississippi. The following is from the Aberdeen *Conservative*:

We attended the Sheriff's sales on Monday last, and were perfectly astonished to see such a sacrifice of property. One gentleman actually purchased 160 odd acres of land for $40, another bought a half interest in a brick law office for $50; a $125 buggy was sold for 30, and other property sold equally low.

Victoria Advertisements.

G. SUTRO & CO.,

TOBACCONISTS,

Importers and Dealers in

FINE HAVANA CIGARS,

Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, Genuine Meerschaum Pipes, &c., Yates, street, Victoria, V. I. ap18 1y

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between Benedict Reinhart, Simon Reinhart and Moris Mayer, under the style and firm of Reinhart, Mayer & Co., Victoria, and Mayer, Reinhart & Co., New Westminster, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. Parties indebted to the late firm will please take notice and make immediate payment. Also all parties having claims against the late firm will present the same to Reinhart Bros., Victoria, for payment.

BENEDICT REINHART,
SIMON REINHART,
MORIS MAYER,
A. S. ELSASSER.

Victoria, May 13, 1861. m16-1m

S. ELSASSER,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AT REINHART BROS. STORE,

VICTORIA, V. I.

Victoria, May 13 1861. m23-tf

MARTIN BROTHERS,

Wholesale Grocers,

11 WHARF STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.

S. MARTIN

Having returned from San Francisco with a new and well selected stock of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

Is now prepared to supply his old friends and patrons with goods in his line at the Lowest Market Rates.

In store and for sale, ex recent arrivals, 400 mats China Rice; 60 ½-bbls Pork; 20 bbls brine Hams; 10 bbls Barber's Hams; 10 fkns Butter; 20 kegs Lard; 25 ½-bbls Dried Apples; 25 ½-bbls do; 25 chests Black Tea; 10 cases fresh Tomatoes; 10 cases Preserved Limes (in glass); 10 kegs Pearl Barley; 15 boxes Castile Soap; and a general assortment of Cass Goods. Also, a lot of Dates, Walnuts, Raisins and Figs.

☞ All orders from the country will be promptly attended to.

S. MARTIN, Victoria.
A. MARTIN, San Francisco. ap25

ASSAY OFFICE.

MARCHAND AND CO.

Respectfully announce to the public of Victoria and British Columbia that they have opened their new office for the Assaying of Gold, Silver, Copper, and other ores, and are now fully prepared to make all assays entrusted to them with correctness and care.

Returns made in from three to six hours in bar or coin at the option of the depositor.

M. & Co. beg to refer to the following bankers:—Wells, Fargo, & co., Victoria; Macdonald & co., Victoria; Bank of British North America, Victoria; Ladd & Tilton, Portland, Oregon; Davidson & May, San Francisco; Wells, Fargo, & co., San Francisco; Tallant & Wilde, San Francisco; Parrot & co., San Francisco; Sather & Church, San Francisco; Harris & co., San Francisco; Abel, Guy, & co., San Francisco.

Office in the building formerly occupied by Macdonald & co., No. 8, Yates street, Victoria. mar28

HIBBEN & CARSWELL.

BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS.

RECEIVE additions by nearly every steamer to their present large stock of Books, embracing most of the Modern and Ancient authors in Poetry and Fiction, Mechanics, Agriculture, History, Biography, Religion, Law, Medicine, Sciences, Music, etc., etc.

—ALSO—

STAPLE AND FANCY STATIONERY,

consisting of

Blank Work, in great variety, Writing Papers and Materials, Printers' Stationery and Wrapping paper, Letter, Note, and Official Envelopes, Music and Music Paper, Drawing Books, and Instruments,

GOLD PENS AND POCKET CUTLERY,

STATIONERS' HALL,

40, YATES STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.

Feb. 13.

BOOKS! BOOKS!! BOOKS!!!.

Now opening at

HIBBEN & CARSWELL'S

a splendid assortment of

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,

comprising

A Larger Number of Volumes, and upon a greater variety of subjects, than has ever yet appeared in this market.

Those interested are respectfully invited to call and feast their eyes to their heart's content—Gratis—at

STATIONERS' HALL,

Yates-street, Victoria, V. I.

mh7-tc

Victoria Advertisements.

SELIM FRANKLIN & CO.,

Auctioneers and Land Agents,

YATES STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.

Town Lots for Sale in New Westminster and Victoria.

mar28

LANGLEY BRO'S

IMPORTING DRUGGISTS,

Yates-street, Victoria,

are constantly receiving

Drugs and Chemicals,
Patent Medicines,
Surgical Instruments,
Paints and Oils,
Window Glass, &c., &c., &c.

—ALSO—

Just received a large assortment of reliable Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds, which they offer at moderate prices. mar1-tc

G. VIGNOLO,

Importer and Wholesale dealer in

GENERAL PROVISIONS AND GROCERIES,

French Wines and Liquors, and Havana Segars,

Brick building, corner Yates and Wharf-streets,

Victoria, V. I. mh7-6m

STEWART, MELDRUM & CO.,

Johnson street, opposite Wharf street, Victoria,

Importers and Commission Merchants.

THOMAS PATTRICK, & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

WINES AND LIQUORS,

corner of Government and Johnson-streets,

VICTORIA, V. mh7-tc

SEED WHEAT.

THOMAS PATTRICK, & Co., have some choice lots of Seed Wheat on hand from Australia, Mexico, the Mediterranean, and Van Dieman's Land.

Farmers are invited to inspect samples.

For Sale by

THOMAS PATTRICK & Co.,

Corner Government and Johnson streets, Victoria. m21-1m

KWONG LEE AND CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Importers and dealers in

Chinese Goods, Rice, Sugar, Tea, Provisions, etc.,

Cormorant-street,

between Government and Douglas-sts.

VICTORIA, V. I. mar28

DENTISTRY! DENTISTRY!

The undersigned has imported the finest Teeth and Plate Work that is to be found on the Pacific coast, and is ready to furnish setts or single teeth in the best style. Dentistry in all its branches will be attended to by an experienced person on application to

MR. ZELNER,

At Drug Store, corner Government and Yates-streets. mar28

CAIRE & GRANCINI,

Dealers in

Hardware, Iron, Crockery, Glassware, etc.,

Wharf-street, Victoria, V. I.

☞ Orders from the country promptly attended to. mar28-1m

M. PRAG,

Yates-street,

offers for sale, cheap,

Hardware Agricultural Implements. Bar Iron, Steel, and Ironmongery, Stove and Tinware of every description.

Glass and Crockeryware, Wood and Willow Ware, &c. mar28

DICKSON, CAMPBELL, & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Corner of Wharf and Johnson streets,

VICTORIA, V. I.

H. N. DICKSON & Co., - - - - London.
DICKSON, DEWOLF, & Co., - - San Francisco
m21-3m

EDGAR & AIME,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

and Wholesale Dealers in

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

at their old stand,

Wharf-street, near Yates Victoria, V. I.

mar7-tc

Victoria Advertisements.

FURNITURE.

BY LATE ARRIVALS, the undersigned have received additions to their hitherto well-assorted stock of Furniture, and now offer

Painted sets, 10 pieces;
Extension Tables, 8 and 10 feet long;
Centre Tables, serpentine, and round tops, assorted sizes;
Card Tables, harp and square pillars;
Common Tables, 2½, 3 and 3½ long;
Bedsteads, Mahogany, French, Cottage, double and single;
Lounges, spring seats, in damask and leather covers,
Sofas, spring seats, hair cloth with round and pillow ends;
Desks, with full and door fronts;
Cheffoniers, walnut and mahogany, carved front, shelves, and fret work;
Bureaus, one-half marble top, scroll, and painted pine, four and six drawers.
What-nots, walnut and mahogany, 5 and 6 shelves;
Mirrors, in gilt and mahogany frames, assorted sizes, for parlors, chambers, and saloons;
Children's cribs and cradles, also high and low chairs, assorted sizes;
Chairs, mahogany, haircloth, spring seats, cane and wood seat, office, oak, dining, Grecian cane, heavy barroom, and common wood seat;
Rockers, spring seats, mahogany and cane seats and backs, sewing and arm:
Sinks, washstands, chair cushions, coverlets, towel racks, willow cribs, &c.

—ALSO—

BEDDING.

Pulu, curled hair, moss, wool, and straw mattresses, best feather pillows, all sizes; in the manufacture of which we use only the best materials, and guarantee all our work. PIERCE & SEYMOUR.

Broad-street, between Yates and View streets. mar7-tc Victoria, V. I.

W. H. OLIVER,

Importer and Dealer in

FINE ENGLISH, FRENCH, AMERICAN LIQUORS

Champagnes, California Wines,
Clarets, and Brandies,

in the large and spacious Warehouse, on Johnson-st., opposite Wharf-street, Victoria, V. I.

A large stock of bonded Wines and Brandies always on hand.

To dealers, purchasing in large quantities, a liberal discount will be made for cash.

Agency of first premium California Wines, in packages and cases;
Agency of Old Sachem and Hostetter's Bitters;
Choice Claret Wines, in casks and cases, received direct from Bordeaux, via San Francisco, in bond.
Choice old French Brandies, received direct from the agents, in bond, via San Francisco.
Choice old Bourbon Whiskies;
" Port and Sherry Wines, in cask and case;
High Proof Jamaica Rum;
" Scotch Whiskey;
" Brandies and Whiskies;
" Alcohol and Spirits, in bbls and tins;
Champagne Wines, complete stock of all the favorite brands now in use;
And a general assortment of case Liquors, Cordials, Syrups, etc.

Traders and Dealers visiting Victoria will find it to their interest to call and examine my stock before purchasing. All orders from British Columbia and towns on the Sound will meet with prompt attention. mar7-6m W. H. OLIVER.

PAINTER & CO.,

Practical Printers, and Dealers in

Type, Presses, Printing Materials,

Ink, Paper, Cards, &c.,

510 Clay Street, above Sansome,

J. B. PAINTER
J. M. PAINTER
T. P. PAINTER } San Francisco.

☞ Offices fitted out with dispatch. ap18 1y

CHARLES F ROBBINS,

IMPORTER AND DEALER in Type, Presses, Printing Material, Inks, Card stock, &c., Nos. 111 and 113 Clay street, San Francisco. ap18 1y

MILK.

THE SUBSCRIBER would inform his customers, and the public, that, until further notice, he will furnish milk at the rate of six bits per gallon.

S. W. HERRING.

Herring's Ranche, 2nd April, 1861. t-c

WASHINGTON RESTAURANT AND COFFEE SALOON,

Government-street, between Yates and Johnson.

MEALS furnished at all hours on the shortest notice and best style.

The finest Wines, Porter, Ale, and Segars. mar28

SAMUEL PRICE, & CO.,

MERCHANTS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,

corner of Wharf and Johnson-streets,

VICTORIA, V. I. mh7

WEBSTER AND CO.,

YATES STREET, VICTORIA,

WHOLESALE and Retail Dealers in Boots and Shoes, Leather, and Findings of every description. Also—Ladies' Shoes of all kinds. mar28

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

This journal is published every Thursday morning at the office, Columbia-street, New Westminster. Single copy, price 1s., or 25 cents. Terms per quarter, 10s., or $2.50; half-yearly, 18s., or $4.50, and yearly £1 10s., or $7.50.

☞ Copies of this paper can be had at the book store of Mr. S. T. Tilley, Columbia-street.

☞ Clergymen will be served with this Journal at one-half the above rates.

Subscriptions must be paid in advance.

All Advertisements for insertion in the BRITISH COLUMBIAN must be paid in advance. Those for longer periods than one month are required to be paid for each month in advance.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.—We would call the attention of business men, especially Houses in Victoria, Portland, and San Francisco, desirous of cultivating a British Columbian trade, to the fact that we have made arrangements with BALLOU by which the BRITISH COLUMBIAN will have a large and general circulation throughout this entire Colony, and consequently will afford an excellent medium for advertising.

ALL advertisements, unless the time for which they are to be inserted is specified, will be continued until ordered out, and so charged.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, THURSDAY, JUNE 13.

NO TAXATION WITHOUT REPRESENTATION.

It has long been a favorite motto of Britons, that taxation and representation must go together; that the people should not be taxed without their consent: and that a full statement of expenditure must be laid before those who furnish the revenue, at least once a year. This is both the *sentiment* and the *inalienable right* of every Briton—a right our ancestors have gallantly fought for and honorably won; and he who would attempt, directly or indirectly, to invade it, will most assuredly receive what he rightfully deserves—the determined resentment of every British freeman, and the stigma of a despot.

Was not the attempt to violate this cardinal principle of our glorious Charter the chief cause of the civil wars and revolutions, headed by Cromwell and Washington? Every true patriot must regret that such sanguinary struggles should have been necessary; but who dares now to say that these great chieftains were on the wrong side? Is it not generally conceded that they were raised up to vindicate the rights of an oppressed people, and that the God of battles most signally sustained them in accomplishing *His* purpose in the overthrow of tyranny? What was it that brought on the rebellion of 1837 in Canada, but the high-handed, arbitrary measures, and despotic administration of Sir Francis Bond Head? The cry of the people then was "redress our grievances and give us responsible government," a cry which was evaded or mocked by the infatuated Governor and his silly advisers, until with the roar of the cannon it was thundered into the dull ear of the Imperial Government that *the true policy of governing the Colonies was to let them govern themselves!* Governor Head was recalled in disgrace, and Lord Durham was sent out. He gave Canada responsible government, and was afterward followed by Lord Elgin, who triumphantly succeeded in demonstrating the fact, not only that Canada was well able to manage her own affairs, but that to give free and liberal institutions to a young Colony is to ensure its success and loyalty. For not only has that province prospered amazingly under her liberal institutions, but it is a fact, acknowledged even by the Mother Country, that in uncompromising and enthusiastic attachment and loyalty to the British Throne, she stands second to no part of the realm.

As one who witnessed that struggle, we may say that we deeply regretted its existence, and still look back upon it as an evil in itself, but more especially do we deplore the causes which brought it about. We do not know a Canadian in this Colony who did not stand by the government in that crisis; but at the same time it is generally acknowledged by all parties that much good came out of it. It resulted in the redress of the grievances of Canada, and in obtaining a sensible and liberal Colonial policy, in which most of the other British Colonies are participating—always excepting this Czar-blighted British Columbia of ours! Is it any wonder that her population, having been used to self-government, and who know what the rights of British subjects are, should seek to throw off their yoke and cast away their chains?

We feel great hopes that it will not be necessary to resort to arms in order to obtain our rights; because we believe that just so soon as we can make our case fairly and fully understood by the Home Government, our wants will receive favorable and prompt attention. We are fully aware of the difficulty of making ourselves properly heard in Downing Street, on account of our isolation and peculiar circumstances; and it may be necessary to speak much louder than we have yet done ere the Imperial ear will be fully open to our cry. But let patience have her perfect work, and let not the thunder-tones of civil war be resorted to until every constitutional means has been exhausted. In the meantime, however, let not Governor Douglas for a moment imagine that while he seeks to withheld from us these great rights to which we are heir, and which he is instructed to give us when we ask for them, let him not hope, we say, that while he holds these highly prized privileges in his fist, and perseveringly refuses to bestow them, that he will command that respect and esteem which a dutiful representative of our beloved Queen would not fail to enjoy. Neither let His Excellency think that the people of this Colony will be either contented or prosperous under their *one man* government, no matter what may be his private virtues or mental abilities, so long as he loves tyranny better than the happiness and prosperity of the Colony he rules. If the greatest statesman of which Britain can boast were sent to govern us, if he did not become a *bona fide* resident of this Colony, and grant popular institutions, the people would despise him and seek his removal.

Governor Douglas may come and wander through the Colony once or twice a year, like a pelican of the wilderness, visiting the shanty of the pioneer and inspecting the trail of the contractor; he may give *offices* to fawning flatterers, and dispense *bones* to the growling and hungry; but he will find that the sore will spread wider than he can get plaster to cover and that office and job seekers, with bare heads and downcast countenances, will approach himfaster than he has places for them, and his present unpopularity will ripen into deep-rooted hatred and reproach.

The time is past when the people of this Colony will bow down their galled backs to the Governor when he approaches, and humbly ask him to *increase* their burdens—when by bland compliments and fair promises they will be induced to petition him to tax them while he controls the entire revenue. They know by painful experience that when they have, in times past, asked a fish he has given them a serpent, and instead of an egg they have received a scorpion. The Governor got the people reconciled somewhat to the head-money, by promising to establish therewith a Colonial Hospital. Upwards of $8000 has been derived from that source, but what has become of it? The tonnage dues were imposed with the distinct understanding that the amount derived from that source was to be expended in improving the navigation of Fraser and Harrison Rivers, but how has this promise been kept?

Some money has been *thrown away* upon Harrison River, but the first dollar has not been laid out upon the Fraser! The ten dollars per ton tax on goods leaving Hope, Yale and Douglas, was to be applied in improving the roads in the vicinity of these towns respectively, and now the people are coolly told that the work must cease unless they will ask to have this tax doubled! They ask—*and they have a right to know*—what has become of the duties received at the Custom-house, amounting to from three to six thousand dollars per week, and which is paid by all the people of the Colony, and should be shared by all? The salaries of officials do not come to more than one-third of this amount. And, again, what has been done with the large sums realized from the sale of Crown lands?

If a large amount were given for the carrying of our mails to, and through, the Colony; if a Governor's residence and Parliament buildings were being erected, there would be something to show; but in the absence of any general outlay of this nature, it is about time the people insisted upon knowing what becomes of *their* money. We say *their money*; for the revenue, in the true sense, belongs to the people who pay it, and while particulars are carefully withheld in the published statements of expenditure, how do they know whether it is used for legitimate purposes?

The fact is, the policy pursued between the people and the Governor of this Colony can be expressed in four words—"deceiving and being deceived." The Governor, by fair speeches and hollow promises, has deceived the people; and they, by *mock receptions* and prettily worded petitions, have, in some instances, fooled the Governor, and so the game has been going on. Let the people be united and honest in dealing with each other and with His Excellency, and our grievances will soon be redressed, and this raising money under false pretences, and spending it without giving a statement to those from whose pockets it is filched, will have a speedy end.

We are aware that there are those amongst us who think it good policy to give His Excellency some kind of pompous reception when he visits a place, because it is believed that is the most successful mode of obtaining money for local improvements. Not long ago one gentleman called at the office of another in this city, just before the Governor arrived, and said: "Don't you think we had better give Governor Douglas a dinner while he is with us? We could get several thousand dollars out of him by that means." "Give him a dinner," said the other, with scorn and contempt, "I'd sooner give him the devil."

We believe that the old adage—"honesty is the best policy"—is of universal application, and the sooner the people of this Colony adopt an honest and straightforward policy in dealing either with themselves or the Governor, so much the sooner shall we attain that at which we all aim—free and liberal institutions for British Columbia.

OUR MAIL SERVICE,

Instead of improving, is waxing worse and worse. We have long been at the mercy of our American neighbors, who, from a feeling of pity, have been in the habit of carrying our mails gratuitously as far as Victoria, and from thence those for this Colony have been generally carried by the *Otter*, an independent sort of animal, that comes and goes without the slightest reference either to time, mails, or the convenience of the traveling community; and the consequence is, that our mails have been frequently subjected to a week's delay in Victoria. And as for our arrangements in the interior, the case is still worse. The mail-bags have been thrown on board of our river steamers without the slightest regard to safe custody or prompt delivery; and the result is that they have frequently been known to lie kicking about in way-side inns, or freight stations, for weeks.

As an instance of the utter absurdity of using Her Majesty's mail-bags as a medium for the transmission of letters above this point, we would state that on the 5th instant we received a valuable communication from a gentleman in Cayoosh, which was mailed at that place on the 18th May, thus taking *eighteen* days to perform what should not occupy more than *three* or *four*!

All this is bad enough; but, as if to see how much we are really capable of bearing without making one manly effort to help ourselves, and cast off the incubus which has so long been allowed to crush our energies, we learn by late advices from Victoria that our Yankee friends, who have, during two years, carried our mails out of charity, will do so no longer, unless they are paid a suitable remuneration!

Was ever British Colony so completely disgraced, and made a reproach amongst the surrounding nations? If the people of these two Colonies will not bestir themselves, and either unitedly or separately place steamers of their own upon the route to California, and that very soon, they will richly merit the ignoble fate which most assuredly awaits them.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

☞ THE REV. J. HALL, of the Irish Presbyterian Church, will preach in the Wesleyan Church in this city, next Sabbath, at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 6½, P. M.

NEWS FROM THE MINES.

We have, as our readers are aware, been exceedingly cautious in regard to publishing reports from the mines, least, peradventure, we might be the means of deceiving and misleading others; consequently very little, upon this subject, has heretofore appeared in our columns.

The news brought down last Saturday, however, is of a most exciting and satisfactory character, and comes to us so well authenticated, that we feel it a duty to lay it before our readers.

We had a conversation on Saturday last with General Palmer, the well known packer, who had just arrived in this city from Alexander and Cariboo country, from whom we obtained the following information:

On Antler Creek miners are making $50 per day, and in several instances as high as $100 has been reached. Some claims on this creek are reported to yield $300 per day to the hand.

Williams Creek, nine miles above Antler, is giving excellent prospects—from 50c. to $1 to the pan. On Keithley's Creek the water is too high for mining, but prospects very rich. Harvey's Creek was paying $25 a day. Cunningham Creek is prospecting well, but miners not yet at work.

Provisions are very scarce, prices high, and pack animals in great demand.

Much excitement prevails, and the utmost confidence in the mines is manifested.

There are various statements, not so well authenticated however, such as 25 ounces to the pan, etc.

Hill's Bar, supposed to have been exhausted, is yielding from $5 to $7 per day. We have not room for more detailed accounts.

MEMORANDUM OF TONNAGE DUES AND ROAD TOLLS.

1860.

ROAD TOLLS.

Hope, nil. Yale, £216 3s. 0d. Douglas, £373 4s. 6d.

1861.

	Tonnage Dues.	Road Tolls. Hope.	Yale.	Douglas.
January,	£ 81 13 7.	£0 0 0.	£ 26 19 0	£199 9 4.
February,	213 10 6.	2 18 0.	284 9 0.	184 12 11.
March,	377 6 0.	1 16 9.	584 16 0.	313 12 7.
April,	406 13 0.	0 18 0.	296 18 0.	301 9 8.
May,	507 16 0.	2 3 8.	179 2 0.	326 15 9.
Total,	£1586 19 1.	7 16 5.	1372 4 0.	1326 0 3.

Total Road Tolls collected since the establishment of the tax:

Hope, £7 16 5; Yale, £1588 7 0; Douglas, £1699 4 0. Total, £3295 8s. 2d.

THE STR. GOV. DOUGLAS is making regular weekly trips between this port and Victoria, and running up to Hope, connecting with the Str. Maria at the mouth of Harrison River.

A LARGE SEAL was captured at this place by Mr. Tomlinson in his fishing net, on Monday last, weighing about 200 pounds, and measuring six feet in length. Frank Richards, of the BLIZZARD, has obtained the skin, which he is having stuffed, to be added to his already fine collection.

WE WOULD direct attention to the advertisement of Farrell & Co. in another column. We understand great bargains are to be had.

CAPT. GOSSET, R. E., left on Monday last, by the Str Hope for Cayoosh, where he has gone for the purpose of organizing the Government Gold Escort.

STEAMBOAT CONFEDERATION.—All the steamboat owners on the Fraser have formed a confederation, so that the present suicidal policy of carrying freight and passengers at a loss will cease. We understand the rates will be moderate.

CUSTOMS REVENUE.—The Customs Revenue for the week ending June 10, were—Duties, £700 16s. 9d.; Harbor dues, £7 10s. 6d; Head Money, £8 0s. 0d; Warehouse fees, £0 8s. 0d; Tonnage Dues, £168 15s. 0d. Total, £895 10s. 3d.

"I am certain, wife, that I am right, and that you are wrong; I'll bet my ears on it."

"Indeed, husband, you shouldn't carry betting to such extreme lengths."

If you want enemies, excel others. If you want friends let others excel you.

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves legally responsible for anything which may appear under the above head. Communications, in order to insure insertion must be brief, of public importance and must be accompanied with the BONA FIDE *name of the author*

GOLD ESCORT AND MAILS.

To the Editor of the British Columbian.

SIR,—With reference to some remarks which appeared in your last issue, condemning the intended establishment of a Gold Escort, and crying out for postal amendment; perhaps it may be well to observe, that the Gold Escort has a far broader interest than the mere carriage of gold. From its way-bills we shall be enabled to obtain official information as to the colony's yield—a *sine qua non*, if we wish to enter the London market for loans on reasonable terms—for without showing our capital resources we shall not be trusted on the Exchange. As to postal amendment; as the Escort, which will, it is expected, be so organized as to ensure the utmost speed, will also undoubtedly carry mails, the Escort will be a step in postal service, and will thus kill two useful birds with one stone.

ALPHA.

June 7th, 1861.

SABBATH DESECRATION.

To the Editor of the British Columbian.

SIR,—Some time in the early part of last year it pleased Her Most Gracious Majesty, the Queen, to issue a proclamation, directed to all her officers and Justices of the Peace, throughout her wide-spread dominions, to use the powers with which they were invested to prohibit immoral and demoralizing practices among the people, and among other subjects particularly referred to, was Sabbath desecration. Might I be allowed to inquire whether our Police Magistrate has ever perused that document? If not, I think it would be well for him to obtain a copy, so as to make himself acquainted with its contents, and put the instructions therein contained into practical operation. Is it not, sir, anything but creditable to the magistracy of this, the capital city of British Columbia, that Billiard and Card playing are openly carried on and practised on the Lord's Day, and not the slightest attempt made by the authorities to prevent it? What more disgraceful sight, or what sound more repugnant to the ears of a christian community, than, when returning from the house of God on a Sabbath evening, to see these "saloons" wide open to the public gaze, the billiard tables surrounded by Sabbath-breaking gentlemen of "elegant leisure," and to hear the clicking of the balls as they move over the tables? A practice so utterly at variance with every sense of propriety, should be put down *at once*, and with a strong hand. Such doings, I venture to say, would not be tolerated in any other colony under the British Crown, and should not here. Surely six days in the week are enough to devote to that kind of amusement without trespassing upon the sanctity of the Sabbath. All such places are closed in Victoria on the Sabbath, and why not here? If our Police Magistrate has any respect for the dignity of his position, or any regard for the convictions of the moral and religious portion of the community, he will use his authority to stop such proceedings in future.

Yours, etc.,

SCALPEL.

New Westminster, June 10th, 1861.

THE UPPER COUNTRY.

To the Editor of the British Columbian.

The accounts from the upper country continue favorable. The general news is of the most satisfactory character. Owing to the great depth of snow, the amount of prospecting which has been done by those going up this spring is comparatively small, but satisfactory. I have been favored with the perusal of a few private letters, from which I cull the following items.

Antler creek, which was struck last Fall, has proved thus far to exceed Harvey's or Keithley's in richness and it is therefore the point of rendezvous for all new comers. Those claims located last fall and opened during the winter, are paying well; one in which Capt. Bowen of Hill's Bar is interested, is paying $100 per day to the hand. General Palmer exhibited in town yesterday a quantity of gold from this claim. The amount $300 dollars was the result of 4 days work for three men.

Provisions are high and exceedingly scarce; in fact cannot be purchased nearer than the Forks of Quesnelle. The cost of packing, 100 lbs. from thence to the creek is $50; and neither Indians or animals can be had to perform the work. White men have consequently gone into the business. The nominal prices at Antler therefore, are, Flour and Beans, 80c. Bacon, $1.25; Sugar, $1.25; Tea, $1.00 per paper, or $3.00 per pound; Tobacco, $3,00 per pound.

The miners are reported to be in first rate spirits, and the general opinion is that the country is rich and the diggings extensive. Some go so far as to say that it equals California in 1850 for richness. *May it be so.* At Quesnelle river when the Express left, there was not one sack of Flour to be had. It has been carefully estimated by a person resident at the Forks of Quesnelle, that 1100 men had passed that point for above, this spring; add to that number 400 who wintered there, and we have 1500 energetic men in that section, remember *not Chinamen*, the celestials have not reached there yet.

General Palmer is reported to have taken down $20 000, the proceeds of one trip to Carriboo.

The Lyttonites have consented to the imposition of an additional ½ cent tax on goods, from Boston Bar to that city; said ½ cent to be applied towards making a wagon road between the two points. The route is already surveyed, and tenders will be called for at once. Tenderers had better exercise caution, for if wages at Antler are $10 per day, contractors will have a pleasant time.

The river is now at the highest point gained last year.

Quite an excitement was created here, by the report that Mr Hamly had notified the steamer not to attempt to pass Hope, till permission was obtained from the Boiler Inspector. An indignation meeting was spoken of, but nothing definite will be done until the particulars are fully understood.

A bet of $500 is open here to any who may choose to to take it. "That the distance between Yale and Lytton, and *vice versa*, can be run in 8 hours," over the new trail of course, which is nearly a dead level.

PROGRESS.

HERRING'S RANCH.

To the Editor of the British Columbian.

SIR:—Having noticed repeated and somewhat conflicting statements in the Victoria papers in reference to the Ranches in this neighborhood in general, and Herring's ranche in particular, I was led the other day through the promptings of curiosity to take a canoe and cross over to the latter, to see and judge for myself. On arriving there I met with a very kind reception from the well known proprietor and his good wife; the latter helped me generously to some excellent milk, to which I did ample justice. Mr. Herring then showed me over his vegetable grounds, some 10 acres in extent, and I must confess that I never before witnessed such a striking proof of the richness of the soil in any country; the ground seemed literally to *groan* beneath the load of vegetation it produced.

Mr. Herring informed me that he has supplied the New Westminster market with all vegetables in season, since the first of May; besides shipping to up river towns. Amongst other things I noticed a splendid lot of celery, of which he intends sending a quantity to Victoria, as he has been in the habit of doing.

After looking over his grounds, at his stock, &c., and indulging in a parting cup of milk, I took leave of Herring's ranche and its occupants, and returned to my canoe, when the idea struck me, that as Brown's ranche was hard by I would take a look at it; I accordingly dropped down with the current, and landed on that ranche. After making my way with some difficulty through a slashing, or chopping, of some 20 chains, I was suddenly brought up at the edge of what appeared to be an impassible gulf. Whereupon I enquired of a siwash, who with his kloochman was ensconced beneath a few shakes, where I would find Brown's ranche; when to my surprise, he pointed to said gulf, or pond, and said, *midelite yahwa. Hi-you chuck.* Upon further inquiry I learned that the high water in the Fraser had flooded back, and covered that portion of land under cultivation, which will, I fear, cause serious injury to the vegetables.

Feeling disappointed, and convinced that there was no prospect of getting a drink of milk here, I beat a retreat to my canoe, and returned to the city of New Westminster.

If you deem these few rambling records worth putting in print you can do so.

CACOETHES SCRIBENDI.

New Westminster, June 10, 1861.

FOREIGN AID IN THE WAR.

[Despatch to the Philadelphia Press]

WASHINGTON, April 26, 1861.

It is stated by the best authority that Lord Lyons, the British Minister, sent a special messenger to detain the steamer Persia at New York until full despatches could be forwarded by him to the home government. Lord Lyons is advised, I understand, to proffer to the United States government, for the suppression of the slave State rebellion, arms and ammunition, and troops from England and Canada. By the Persia he sent out orders for three hundred thousand stand of the improved Minie musket, and for a vast number of the celebrated rifled cannon. Orders in future are not to be filled in England for the rebel government, for arms or ammunition, or ships-of-war.

It is believed that an English and French fleet will be sent to the Southern ports at an early day, to co-operate with the United States fleet in the blockade of secession ports.

Louis Napoleon has joined with Queen Victoria to suppress the slave State rebellion. It is stated that his offers of service to President Lincoln are now on their way to Washington.

Orders have been issued, it is reported, to the Governor General of Canada to offer to the United States men and arms.

PROVINCIAL ITEMS.

CANADA AND THE WAR.—Canada takes a profound interest in the present war; and large numbers are reported to be enlisting in Lincoln's army. The following note appeared in the Montreal *Herald* of the 23d April:

The business of Nathaniel Davis & Co., 105½ McGill street, will cease on Thursday of this week, as the proprietors leave for the scene of war on Friday. Our landlord, Mr Flynn, kindly releases us from our agreement to occupy his store another year. The President of the United States has issued his call for volunteers. As Americans we respond at once. Every drop of blood in our veins belongs to our country. We are thankful to Divine Providence that we are alive and in good health to do duty to our Government. The name of Washington will receive new lustre from the glorious deeds about to transpire in the trial of the cause of freedom and a republican government. The South call themselves Confederate States of America. We call them Confederate States of Assassins.

NATHANIEL DAVIS,
ROBERT DAVIS,
WILLIAM ROBINSON,
Members of Seventy-first regiment, New York city.

MONTREAL, April 22, 1861.

The Toronto *Globe*, in a long and able article on American affairs, says that the North, by their impatience with reference to President Lincoln's policy, ignore the stupendous and delicate task he has before him, and will drive the country to anarchy and chaos.

It advocates strengthening Mr Lincoln's hands, and to abstain from perplexing his councils.

The *Leader*, the Government organ, fears that Canada may become involved, and advocates an armed neutrality, and suggests that the Canadian Government represent to the Imperial authorities the expediency of sending six or eight regiments of the line for the protection of the frontier.

The commander of the forces in Canada has made a requisition upon England for 5,000 troops.

Montreal has been made the centre for the concentration of troops.

The Seventeenth regiment reached there from Quebec on Thursday last. Another regiment was expected from Halifax, in addition to the troops from England.

Cornwall and Beauharnais have been filled with companies of Royal Canadian Rifles. All the men have been supplied for active service. Tents, camp equipage, and all utensils, have been furnished.

It is suggested by the Toronto *Leader*, favorable to the Government, that eight regiments of the line be at once demanded of the Imperial authorities.

It is evident that the troops are intended for the defence of the Canadian border. A portion of them will be stationed at Prescott.

Canada will preserve an armed neutrality. Notice has been given by the authorities of Toronto, that any attempt to enlist Canadians for service in the United States will be visited with arrest and the strictest punishment known to the province.

The iron steamer Peerless, owned in Toronto, Canada, has been purchased by the U. S. Government for war purposes.

COMMERCIAL FAILURES.—The extent of the liabilities in the failures which have recently occurred in Brockville, is said to be $400,000.

MORE DISCOVERIES OF COPPER.—The correspondent of a Montreal journal states that copper has been discovered in the parish of St. Irenee de Malbaie, of such extraordinary richness as to bid fair to rival the celebrated Acton mine. We learn that indications of copper ore have been discovered in the township of Mailloux, in the county of Montmagny. The discoverers are confident of having found a profitable vein, and are anxiously awaiting the spring to pursue their exploration.

A HORSE FRIGHTENED TO DEATH.—A valuable horse was standing near the Beaulieu railway station on the Great Western line a few days since, while a train was approaching. The animal was apparently frightened by the noise of the train, and it soon afterwards fell down dead; its body was opened, and it was discovered that a blood vessel near the heart was ruptured, in consequence, it is believed, of excitement from fear.

TROOPS FOR CANADA.—The *Leader* states that a private letter from an officer of the 60th Rifles, now in England, states that that body is coming to Canada in the spring, and that its head quarters will be Toronto. We trust this piece of intelligence is correct. We are hardly treated fairly in this respect; perhaps it is on account of the better state of society here than in other cities. At any rate, out of the eleven companies of Rifles in Canada there is but one stationed in this city.—Montréal takes four, Quebec three, and Kingston three.

COBOURG WOOLEN FACTORY.—The woolen factory of Messrs Fraser & Co., at Cobourg, C. W., thanks to the present tariff, gives employment to 100 persons, uses 200,000 pounds of native wool a year, and turns out from 630 to 850 yards of tweeds, cloths and satinets per day, all of which find a ready market in the province; giving the consumer a better article at a less price than he could obtain before protection was given to industry. This factory is operated partly by water and partly by steam.

CURIOUS NEWSPAPER.—A newspaper, published at Niagara Falls, called *The Mute and the Blind*, has the following paragraph:—*How this paper is published.* The Editor is a blind man; the compositors are deaf and dumb; the press-work is performed by the blind; the papers are folded by the blind and wrapped by mutes.

MURDER.—An old man near Brockville has been brutally murdered, just outside of his own house at Midnight.

Arrival of the Governor Douglas.

Three Days' Later News from the Seat of War.

The steamers Gov. Douglas and Otter arrived here on Wednesday morning from Victoria, with news by overland mail. We are indebted to the *Colonist Extra* for the following summary of news:

The U. S. Mail steamer Eliza Anderson arrived at Victoria on Tuesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, bringing three days' later news.

ST. LOUIS, May 23d.

The news of the week is important.

Northern troops are still gathering around Washington and Maryland, and points along the the border.

Soldiers are being drilled preparatory for military duties.

The people of the Border States daily expect an attack on the Southern States.

Northern States offer more troops, but the Government refuses to accept any more.

Nearly 205,000 men are now called into the service of the United States, ready to serve during the war.

So far, operations of troops in Maryland and Virginia have been confined to the seizing of a few privateers and protecting Union men.

It is thought that Great Britain will probably refuse to recognise the seceded States.

France has also given assurance of friendship towards the United States government.

Faulkner, Minister to France, and Dallas, Minister to England, were to return home by the next steamer.

Mexico is reported to be friendly to the United States.

Southern Congress adjourned last week to meet on the 20th of July at Richmond.

Southerners still assure the people of their intention to march on Washington and carry on an active war against the United States.

There are reported to be 75,005 men in the Southern Confederacy regularly drilled and ready for military service; it is also reported that 20,000 stand of arms have been received by the South from Europe.

The Union sentiment is entirely stifled in the Cotton States, and partially in Tennessee, Arkansas, N. Carolina and Kentucky.

There is a good deal of Union feeling in Kentucky, which declares loyalty to the United States a majority of the legislature are against the proposition to arm the State.

Senator Johnson and Parson Brownlow bitterly advocate Union in Tennessee.

Cairo is being daily strengthened by troops from the North. They are expecting an attack from Memphis troops.

A treaty has been entered into in Missouri between Gen. Harney, for the U. S. Government, and Gen. Price on the part of the State, by which both Governments agree to keep the peace and not molest each oth r.

Missouri State troops disbanded on learning the treaty.

St. Louis is quiet; it is guarded by U. S. troops.

Senator Douglas has recovered.

U. S. troops are preparing to attack Richmond, Norfolk, Harper's Ferry and Memphis simultaneously.

Gen. Butler is at Fort Monroe with a large force. He will c n uct operations.

A RIVAL FOR JEFF. DAVIS.—The Paris journals are circulating a story to the effect that some of the Roman Catholics of the Southern States have offered the throne of the new confederacy to Francis II of Naples. This would be consolidating slave institutions with a vengeance.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

June 5—str Gov. Douglas, Irvine, Victoria, gen. car.
6—schr Nanaimo Packet, Hall, Victoria, gen. cargo.
6—str Otter, Mouat, Victoria, general cargo.
8—sloop Ostritch, Baines, Victoria, general cargo.

DEPARTURES.

June 6—schr Nanaimo Packet, Hall, Victoria.
7—str Otter, Mouat, Victoria.
8—str Gov Douglas, Irving, Victor'a.

DIVINE SERVICE is held in the Wesleyan Church Mary-street, New Westminster, every Sabbath at 11 o'clock a. m., and 6½ o'clock p. m. Sabbath School at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

The first five pews on the south side are reserved for the military at morning Service.

Strangers provided with seats.

E. WHITE, Pastor.

Residence, corner of Prevost and Mary-streets, near the Church.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH NEW WESTMINSTER.—Divine Service on Sundays at 11 a. m., and in the evening at 6½ p. m.

Seats will be provided for strangers by the Sexton.

J. SHEEPSHANKS, M. A., Rector.
C. KNIPE, M. A.

New Advertisements.

New Westminster Dispensary.

B. F. MOSES & CO.,

Chemists and Apothecaries,

Columbia Street, New Westminster,

HAVE this day opened the above Store with an entire new stock of

Medicines, Chemicals, Perfumery,

FANCY GOODS AND BRUSHES,

Together with an assortment of all articles usually

KEPT IN A

First-Class Retail Drug Store.

Mr. MOSES will give his personal attention to the Dispensing of Medicines and Compounding of Physicians' Prescriptions, and trusts his large experience in the business is a sufficient guarantee that all business entrusted to us will be "characterized by neatness, accuracy, and competent knowledge." Our prices will be

☞ EXTREMELY MODERATE. ☜

New Westminster, June 8, 1861. je13

TRAVELERS! ATTENTION!!

TRAVELERS can depend on having SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATION at the

STAR AND GARTER HOTEL,

GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.

L. DAVIES, Proprietor.

je13 3m

New Advertisements.

SELLING OFF

THE ENTIRE STOCK OF

FANCY AND DRY GOODS

At Cost for Sixty Days!!

—ALSO—

Crockery, Glass, Hardware,

CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES,

LADIES' AND MISS'S BOOTS AND SHOES,

MANTILLAS,

INDIA RUBBER BOOTS,

Blankets, Sheetings, Drillings,

White and Fancy Shirts,

Spades, Shovels, Mining Tools,

Castors, Cards, Hats, Caps, &c., &c.

GROCERIES.

Candles, Sugar, Tea, Coffee,

Can Fruits, Pickles, Oysters, Sauces,

RAISINS, CURRANTS, BUTTER,

Lard, Hams, Cheese, Yeast Powder, &c.

The above was purchased expressly for this market, and is offered for sale in consequence of the proprietors leaving for the State of California.

FOR BARGAINS!

Now is Your Time! Call and Examine! at

FARRELL & CO.'S,

Columbia street.

New Westminster, June 7th, 1861. je13.

PLANS OF NEW WESTMINSTER

AND

UP-RIVER TOWNS.

THE undersigned has just received a lot of the above plans for sale at the low price of 50 cents to $1 each. He will also have shortly Plans of the Suburban Lots around New Westminster.

These Plans can be sent by mail postage paid to any part of British Columbia, Vancouver Island, or California.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

S. T. TILLEY.

je13 tf

THOMAS STODARD,

House & Sign Painter, Paper-Hanger, &c.

PERSONS desiring work to be done in this line would find it to their interest to apply to the Subscriber, in preference to letting it to contractors, who realize a large profit by their sub-contracts, letting them to parties who do not understand the business.

THOMAS STODARD.

New Westminster, June 9, 1861. je13 1m

Supreme Court of Civil Justice of British Columbia.

WHEREAS a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, bearing date the 20th day of March, 1861, hath been duly filed against Julius Craner, of Cayoosh, and Alexander, British Columbia, dealer and chapman, upon which he has been declared a Bankrupt. Now he, the said Julius Craner, is hereby required to surrender himself to His Honor Matthew Baillie Begbie, Esq., Judge of the Supreme Court of Civil Justice of British Columbia, on the 16th day of July next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, precisely, and on the 17th day of July next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, precisely, at the Court House, New Westminster, and make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects, when and where the creditors are to come and prove their debts, and at the first sitting to choose Assignees, and at the last sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his examination. All persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to Mr. Simon Reinhart, Victoria, the official Assignee, whom His Honor has appointed, and give notice to Mr. M. T. Drake, Solicitor, Victoria.

je13

NOTICE.

AN ADJOURNED Session of the British Columbian Convention will be held at Fort Hope on the 10th day of September next, for the dispatch of general business. Any Towns that neglected to elect Delegates for the first Convention, are respectfully invited to have their localities represented on this occasion, as it is expected that important matters, affecting the future welfare of the colony, will be brought before the Convention.

(Signed,)

J. A. R. HOMER, Chairman.

New Westminster, June 11, 1861. je13

FREIGHT FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

PERSONS desirous of shipping *direct* from San Francisco to this port, can do so at any time by sending their directions to "ISAAC D. HUNTOON, care of J. L. TAGGARD & Co., San Francisco," who will be dispatching vessels to us about once a month, during the business season.

WRIGHT & NELSON.

New Westminster, May 23, 1861. m30 1m

E. STEPHENS,

SURVEYOR AND LAND AGENT,

Columbia street, New Westminster.

ap25

New Advertisements.

JUST RECEIVED,

A LARGE LOT of Light Buff, or White, **Balmorals,** a nice article for summer wear.

J. A. WEBSTER.

New Westminster, June 5, 1861. je6

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

J. A. WEBSTER

HAVING moved into that large and splendid Store, two doors below his old stand, now offers for inspection the largest and best assorted stock in the country. In the

Dry Goods Department

May be found a magnificent variety of Dress Goods, in Glace, Check, Stripe and Plain Silks; Mohairs; Magenta Stripes and Real Poplins; All Wool de Laines; Plaids and Bereges; French nd English Merinos, (choice colors); Ball Dresses; Muslins and Ginghams; Hoyle's English Prints; American Prints.

—ALSO—

Cloth Mantles, Silk Mantillas, Cashmere and Heavy Wool Shawls, Laces, Embroideries, and Dress Trimmings, Spring and Summer Bonnet Ribbons and French Flowers, Blonds, Ruches and Feathers. Trimmed Bonnets and Hats, (latest shapes), Cambric, Linen and Silk Handkerchiefs, Victoria, Balmoral and Hoop Skirts, &c.

The Domestic Department

Is large, and consists in part of Irish Linens, Diapers, and Damask Table Covers, Brilliantes, Huckaback and Marseilles Quilts, Linen Towels and Toweling, Shirtings, Sheetings, and Pillow-case Cottons, Flannels, Tickings, Cloths, White and Colored Blankets, &c., &c.

Gents' Furnishing Goods

In White Linen and Colored Shirts, Patent Yokes, Byron, Bishop and Garrote Collars, English Baltic Shirts, Neck-Ties, Scarfs, Linen and Silk Pocket Handkerchiefs, Lamb's Wool, Merino and Cotton Undershirts and Drawers.

—ALSO—

English Sewed Suits, English Coats, Pants and Vests, (fashionable shapes), Fine Black Frock Coats, Fine do Pants and Vests, Business and Shooting Coats, Pilot-cloth Jackets, Felt Hats, (all styles and colors), Leghorn, Straw, and Chip Hats, (all colors), Cloth, Felt and Glazed Caps.

The Stock of Boots and Shoes

Is the best assorted in British Columbia, comprising

English Napoleon Riding and Shooting Boots,
English Balmorals and Watertights,
English Heavy Nailed Napoleon and Kip Boots,
Fine Waterproof Double-sole and Dress Calf Boots.
Oxford Ties, double and single sole,
Double and Single-sole India Rubber Long Top and Knee Boots,
India Rubber Overshoes, (Ladies', Miss's, and Men's),
Ladies' English Prunella and Cloth Gaiters,
" French Kid and Calf Gaiters,
" Double-sole Calf Gaiters,
" Leather, Morocco, and Carpet Slippers,
" Dancing Slippers.
Children's Balmorals, (English),
" Bootees, (English),
" Kip Boots,
" Copper Toed Bootees,
" Gaiters, (Calf and Colored),
" Anklets.

Also—A large lot of Mosquito Netting; Gilt, Bronzed and Plain Window Shades; Damask and Muslin Curtains; splendid Gilt Cornices and Curtain Bands; Curtain Gimp-Cord, Tassels, (all colors); Curtain Rollers, Brackets, Pulleys, and Fixtures of all kinds, &c., &c.

Goods received by every steamer. Orders from the upper country promptly attended to.

J. A. WEBSTER, Columbia street.

New Westminster, June 5th, 1861. je6

NEW WESTMINSTER LAUNDRY.

THE undersigned having purchased the establishment known as the "HI SING HOUSE," is prepared to do

Washing and Ironing

in the best style, and on the most reasonable terms. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

DONG SHOI.

New Westminster, June 5, 1861. je6

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

FOR SALE, a pair of excellent HORSES, with Harness, Wagon, and Stable complete. The Wagon is A VERY SUPERIOR ARTICLE, having been MADE TO ORDER from the best material. PRICE $500. Apply to

J. HERKIMER, Columbia street.

New Westminster, June 5, 1861. je6

GILMORE & LINTON,

TAILORS,

New Westminster, British Columbia.

THE Subscribers beg leave to announce to the inhabitants of New Westminster, and the upper country, that they have made arrangements to carry on the business of Tailoring, in all its branches, on Columbia street, next to the Printing Office, where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of the public patronage.

Goods constantly received by every steamer.

They have also on hand an excellent assorted stock of French and English Cloths, Cassimeres, Fancy Doeskins, Fancy Vest Patterns of Silk Velvet, Plush, Corded Silk, Fancy Tweeds, Single-milled Cashmeres, etc., which will be made to order, in the most approved and best style, and at moderate prices for cash.

Repairing and Cleaning done at the shortest notice.

They have on hand a choice selection of custom-made Clothing, and parties desiring such will do well to give them a call, as necessary alterations will be made, in order to procure a good fit, free of charge.

All orders from the upper country will receive prompt attention.

GILMORE & LINTON.

New Westminster, May 1, 1861. m2

RYCKMAN & MARKS,

wholesale dealers and importers of

FINE ENGLISH, FRENCH, & AMERICAN LIQUORS,

Wharf-street, opposite Yates, Victoria, V. I.

r2ma8-1m

New Advertisements.

Government Assay Office,

NEW WESTMINSTER, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

April 4th, 1861.

ASSAYS OF GOLD BULLION are made on the following terms, and under the following conditions:—

1. A receipt will be given to the Depositor for the exact gross weight of his deposit.

2. The resulting ingot will be delivered to any party returning the aforesaid receipt, whether the Depositor or any one else, and the party returning the receipt will be required to cancel it by his signature at the time of receiving the ingot.

3. Each ingot will be stamped with its *number*, corresponding to its number in the official records, with its *weight*, in ounces and decimals of ounces, its *fineness* in thousandths, and its *value* in dollars and cents; also with a Government cipher, a crown encircled by the words, "BRITISH COLUMBIA GOVERNMENT ASSAY"; thus;



and the clip corner will be protected by a small crown impressed on the face of it.

4. With each ingot will be given a certificate, signed by a Government officer, of the weight of the deposit before melting; its weight after; the fineness; the charge for assaying; and the value in dollars and cents.

5. For all bars not exceeding 50 ounces in weight, a charge of seven shillings and six pence (7s. 6d.) sterling will be made, and for every additional 10 ounces or fraction of same, one shilling and six pence (1s. 6d.).

All clips are retained in the Government Assay office; but on bars not exceeding 10 ounces in weight, allowance will be made off the assay charge, for the value of the clip.

N. B.—Bars assayed at this office, or DUST, may be exchanged for American coin, at the current market rates.

ASSAYS OF ORES are made at the charge of One Pound (£1.) for each specimen experimented upon.

FOR A COMPLETE ANALYSIS OF ANY MINERAL Two Pounds (£2.) is the charge.

W. DRISCOLL GOSSET.

P. S.—Useful geological specimens, whether metallic or not, if accompanied by a note of the locality where found, position with regard to other rocks, altitude, dip, &c., &c., will be thankfully received by me.

apr4 W. D. G.



BRITISH COLUMBIA.

PROCLAMATION.

No. 5, A. D. 1861.

By His Excellency JAMES DOUGLAS, Companion of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of British Columbia and its Dependencies, Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the 21st and 22d years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, entitled an Act to provide for the "Government of British Columbia," and by a Commission under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, I, JAMES DOUGLAS, have been appointed Governor of the said Colony, and have been authorized by Proclamation under the Public Seal of the said Colony, to make laws, institutions, and ordinances, for the peace, order and good government of the same; and whereas by a Proclamation issued under the Public Seal of the Colony of British Columbia, and dated the 15th day of June, 1859, it was enacted that certain fees for Pilotage mentioned in the Schedule to the said Proclamation should be levied, collected, and paid at the port of Queensborough;

Whereas certain pieces of ground have been set apart for the use of the Roman Catholic Church in British Columbia;

And whereas, it is necessary to grant the said pieces of land;

Now, therefore, I do hereby declare, proclaim, and enact as follows:

That all conveyances made by the Crown to the Roman Catholic Bishop of Vancouver Island, shall vest the same in the Roman Catholic Bishop of Vancouver Island for the time being, and his successors in office from time to time, upon trust for the Roman Catholic Church in British Columbia.

That in the interval between the appointment of the successive Bishops, the person who shall, for the time being, be appointed to administer the affairs of the Roman Catholic Church in British Columbia, shall have entire control over the rents, issues and profits of the same pieces of land, until the appointment aforesaid.

This Proclamation may be cited as the "Roman Catholic Land Act, 1861."

Issued under the Public Seal of the said Colony at Victoria, V. I., this tenth day of May, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty-one, and in the Twenty-fourth Year of Her Majesty's Reign, by me,

(L. S.)

JAMES DOUGLAS.

By His Excellency's command,

WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

m16-2t

FOR SALE,

THE EL DORADO SALOON,

New Westminster, B. C.

THE Building, Bar Fixtures, Furniture, two Billiard Tables, marble beds, one pocket and one carom, Bagatelle Table, and the entire stock of Liquors, together with the good will of the concern. To be sold separately or complete. For particulars and terms, apply on the premises, or to P. MANETTA, Victoria.

m23.

THE B. C. & V. S. N. CO'S

Fast Running and Favorite Steamer

COL. MOODY,

Is now making regular trips direct to HOPE and YALE, connecting at the mouth of Harrison River with the splendid steamer MARIA, carrying freight and passengers direct to Douglas, at the lowest rates.

For freight or passage, apply on board.

WM. IRVING, Master.

ap11

Government Advertisements.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

PROCLAMATION,

No. 4, A. D. 1861.

By His Excellency JAMES DOUGLAS, Companion of the most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of British Columbia, Vice-Admiral of the same.

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the session of Parliament held in the 21st and 22nd years of the Reign of her Majesty Queen Victoria, entitled an Act to provide for the "Government of British Columbia," and by a Commission under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, I, JAMES DOUGLAS, have been appointed Governor of the said Colony, and have been authorized by Proclamation under the Public Seal of the said Colony, to make laws, institutions, and ordinances, for the peace, order and good government of the same; and whereas by a Proclamation issued under the Public Seal of the Colony of British Columbia, and dated the 15th day of June, 1859, it was enacted that certain fees for Pilotage mentioned in the Schedule to the said Proclamation should be levied, collected, and paid at the port of Queensborough;

And whereas the port of Queensborough is now the port of New Westminster;

Now, therefore, I do hereby declare, proclaim, and enact as follows:

That so much of the said Proclamation as renders the payment of half-pilotage compulsory on Vessels drawing less than seven feet of water, is hereby repealed.

This Proclamation may be cited as the Pilotage Act, 1861.

Issued under the Public Seal of the said Colony at Victoria, Vancouver Island, the 9th day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and in the twenty-fourth year of Her Majesty's reign, by me,

JAMES DOUGLAS.

By His Excellency's Command,
WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG.

m16 1m

COLONIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
15th April, 1861.

NOTICE is hereby given that all the Buoys at the entrance of Fraser River have been replaced. The following "Notice to Mariners" has been prepared by Captain Richards, of Her Majesty's Surveying Ship Hecate, and is herewith published for general information.

By command of His Excellency the Governor,

WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

FRASER RIVER.

1. A spar Buoy 35 feet long, painted red, is moored in 12 feet at low water, S.S.W., one cable off the south Sand Head, which dries at low water. This Buoy can be seen from 2 to 3 miles.

From at Garry Bush (leading tree) bears N.N.E.
Point Grey, N.N.W. ¼ W.
Extreme of Trees on Point Roberts, E. by S.
Portier Pass or Cowichen Gap, S.W. by W.

2. On the north side of the channel are placed six Buoys similar, but somewhat smaller than the one off the south Sand Head. They are about three-fourths of a mile apart, some of them less. All these Buoys are moored in 11 feet at low water.

3. The outer Buoy on the north side of the channel is somewhat within the north Sand Head, as the ground there is not good for holding. It is painted black and white in 6 feet horizontal bands, and bears from the red Buoy on south Sand Head N.N.W, distant 7 cables. The second Buoy on the north side is painted black and white in short horizontal bands.

The 3rd Buoy.....is.....All Black,
" 4th " " White and Black Top,
" 5th " " White with Red Top,
" 6th " " Black and White Vertical [Stripes.

To enter the Sand Heads, the south Sand Head red Buoy should not be approached within half a mile, until it bears N.N.E., when it is in one with Garry Bush. Then steer N. ¼ W., or for the outer Buoy on the north side until mid channel between them, when steer in about N.N.E., leaving all the northern Buoys on the left hand, and passing them about a cable's length or less. From a cable off the inner Buoy, steer for Garry Point.

At the very lowest springs the least water is 11 feet, and this only in one spot off the 4th Buoy from the Sand Heads.

At ordinary half tides 17 or 18 feet, and at high water nothing less than 22 or 23 feet will be found in this spot.

From the eastern entrance of the Plumper Pass the Sand Head bears N. by W. ¼ W., distant 11 miles. Vessels bound for the river from Point Roberts' direction, should not bring the extreme of the trees on that point to bear southward of east, which will clear the edge of the Roberts' bank.

GEO. HENRY RICHARDS, Captain,
H. M. Surveying Ship "Hecate."

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of ROBERT F. COOPER, deceased, are hereby notified to present the same to the undersigned for settlement, on or before the first day of July next, or the same will be barred.

WM. H. WOODCOCK,
Executor of the Estate of Robert F. Cooper, deceased.
New Westminster, April 23d, 1861. ap25

NOTICE.

ALL Parties indebted by notes of hand now due, or hereafter to become due, to the late firm of REINHART, MAYER & CO., Victoria, and to MAYER, REINHART & CO., New Westminster, are hereby notified that the same are in the possession of Moris Mayer, of the late firm above mentioned, who hereby appoints S. Eisasser his legal agent for collecting and cancelling the same.

MORIS MAYER.

Victoria, May 13th, 1861. m14-tf

A CARD.

WILLIAM H. WOODCOCK, wholesale dealer in Wines, Liquors, &c., Scott's Wharf, New Westminster.

☞ No drayage or wharfage on goods purchased for upriver trade.

fe13-tc

Important to Printers and Publishers!

CONNER & SONS' UNITED STATES TYPE FOUNDRY.

THE undersigned, Agents for the above well known Type Foundry, are now prepared to furnish the trade with any article necessary for a complete News or Job Office, giving a better article for less money than others are enabled to do. Our assortment is now very extensive, to which additions are made on the arrival of every steamer, and our endeavor will be, as hertofore, to extend every accomodation to the craft.

The reputation of the Foundry which we represent, and especially the hard metal from which its type is cast, is sufficient assurance to the trade that any article we sell is perfect.

Body-type, from Pearl to Pica, in quantities to suit, at New York Prices. Our assortment of Job and Display Type is most extensive and beautiful, including at present some *fifteen hundred* styles. Also, "Sorts," of any font of Conner & Son's cast always furnished. Also, materials of every description from a Bodkin to a Mammoth Press, constantly for sale.

We are also the Agents for A. B. TAYLOR & Co.'s CYLINDER and WASHINGTON PRESSES, and keep in store an assortment of all sizes of WASHINGTON HAND PRESSES together with the new Vibrating Inker.

Also, GEO. P. GORDON'S FRANKLIN JOB PRESSES. Three sizes, viz: one eighth, one quarter, and one half medium. These Presses are acknowledged by Printers to be the *best* in use, and are rapidly gaining favor on the Pacific Coast.

Also, MAGIC CARD PRESSES, RUGGLES PRESSES, and NEWBURY'S MOUNTAIN JOBBER.

WOOD TYPE, a fine assortment, from five to ninety line Pica.

The undersigned would respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage of the craft, and would be pleased to show their stock, and give any information in regard to the same that may be asked.

WM. FAULKNER & SON,
[Up Stairs.] 526 Sansome St. San Francisco.

☞ Publishers of Newspapers inserting the above advertisement to the amount of Twenty Dollars, will be paid for the same in type, providing they purchase five times the amount in one bill.

N. B.—No publisher will insert it except in strict conformity with this order, and send a newspaper with the advertisement marked to our address.

THE UNDERSIGNED will constantly be supplied with all kinds of Liquors, Wines, Brandies, Cordials, Bitters, &c., &c., &c., in bulk and case, which will be sold at reasonable prices.

☞ All articles sold will be as represented.

fe13-2m WILLIAM H. WOODCOCK.

FOR SALE.

50 cases Old Tom Gin,
20 " Sachem Bitters,
20 baskets Champaigne—E. Cliquot.

feb13-1m WILLIAM H. WOODCOCK.

FOR SALE AND TO ARRIVE.

200 bbls. Flour—Tumwater Mills, Olympia.

feb13-2w WILLIAM H. WOODCOCK.

VALENTINE HALL,

CONVEYANCER, LAND AND GENERAL AGENT.

OFFICE—COLUMBIA-STREET,

New Westminster, B. C.

L U M B E R.

CONSTANTLY on hand in the New Westminster Lumber Yard a large assortment of

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER,

—ALSO—

DOORS AND WINDOWS OF ALL SIZES.

Bills of Lumber cut on the shortest notice, and orders from the interior promptly attended to.

J. A. R. HOMER.

New Westminster, Feb. 12th 1861.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE SHOP.

MARY-STREET, OPPOSITE THE TREASURY

☞ Boots and Shoes made and repaired.

W. WOODMAN.

New Westminster Feb. 1861. fy 12-1m.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all absentee or non-resident holders of lots in this city, that unless they clear all logs, brush, or other inflammable matter from their lots, on or before the first day of May next, proceedings will be taken against such parties according to law.

By order of the Municipal Council.

VALENTINE HALL,
New Westminster, Feb. 25th, 1861. Town Clerk.

FOR SALE.

100 bags Barley,
30 bbls S. I. Molasses,
40 cases Porter,
30 cases Ale,
12 cases Ale, 2 dozen each,
1000 English Fire Bricks, by

ap25 4w WM. H. WOODCOCK.

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between THOS. W GRAHAM and ROBT. McLEESE, Carpenters and Builders, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Thos. W. Graham having withdrawn.

The business hereafter will be carried on by ROBT. McLEESE, at the old shop, Columbia street, corner of Mary, opposite the Treasury, New Westminster, where he is prepared to furnish Plans and Designs for Cottages, Suburban Residences, Stores, &c., and will guarantee satisfaction in all cases to his patrons

Jobbing promptly attended to.

New Westminster, April 27th, 1861. my9

COLONIAL HOTEL

—AND—

RESTAURANT,

COLUMBIA STREET,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Private Rooms on reasonable terms.

ap11 F. GRELLEY.

SETH T. TILLEY,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

COLUMBIA-STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER.

Has on hand, and is receiving by every steamer, an assortment of

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN NOVELS,

Bound books of Poetry, Fiction, and Standard works, a large assortment of Bibles, Wesleyan Hymn Books, and English Prayer Books.

ALSO

a large assortment of Blank cards, Visiting cards and printer's blank foolscap, Letter paper of all descriptions, Note paper of every size and quality, a great variety of Blank Books, Memorandums. Pass and cargo books and diaries for 1861, and almost every article in the Book and Stationery line. The latest Newspapers of the day are received from England and United States. They can also be obtained from almost any part of the world if required.

Arrangements are also made to get papers from Canada and other Eastern provinces by every mail. Any periodical published in Great Britain or America can be had by leaving an order at the Book store of

SETH T. TILLEY.

New Westminster, Feb. 12th 1861. 1m

SUTTON & HELMERING,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

WINES, LIQUORS, ALES, AND SEGARS.

The best Wines and Liquors are constantly kept, and the Billiard Tables are unsurpassed in this colony.

Fort Hope, March 21, 1861. tc

NEW WESTMINSTER BOARDING HOUSE,

—BY—

WILLIAM CLARKSON,

On the corner of Mary and Columbia-streets,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Board $7.00 per week—Board and Lodging $10.00 per week.—Single Meals 50 cents.

Parties furnishing their own beds—Board and Lodging $8.50 per week.

Single or double rooms to let at from $5.00 to $12.50 per month. fe21-1y

COALS! COALS! COALS!!!

DIRECT FROM NANAIMO in any quantity to suit purchasers. For Sale by

J. T. SCOTT,
all-tc. Pioneer Wharf.

PIONEER SALOON.

MR. J. T. SCOTT has the pleasure of informing his old friends and the traveling public that he is still to be found at the old stand, corner of Lytton-square, where the thirsty are invited to call and try a sample of his Wines, Ales, and Liquors, which he flatters himself are as good as can be produced in the colony.

RETREAT—NORTH CAMP.

FRED HOWSON & J. HILLIARD beg to return their sincere thanks to their old friends and travelling public for the patronage hitherto bestowed on them. Their saloon has been fitted up in a neat and comfortable manner, the best wines, ales, liquors, and cigars always on hand. fe21-1m

FOR SALE.

5 casks Claret,
5 " White Wine,

Genuine and of good quality.

fe13-1m WILLIAM H. WOODCOCK.

BLIZZARD!

FRANK G. RICHARDS informs his old friends and the public generally that he has just opened the above superb saloon, on the Liverpool Wharf, New Westminster, where those who favor him with a call will find a stock of the choicest

WINES, LIQUORS, & CIGARS.

Also one of the best BILLIARD SALOONS on the coast.

New Westminster, March 21st, 1861. 1m

RAMAGE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELLER, ETC.

Columbia-street, New Westminster.

A select assortment of fine English gold and silver Watches, from the best makers, always on hand.

Native gold-manufactured into rings, etc., on the shortest notice.

Watchwork carefully attended to with dispatch.

Feb. 21.

ERNEST PEICHT.

BREWER,

COLUMBIA-STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER.

E. B. HOLT,

JOINER, CONTRACTOR, &c.

PLANS & SPECIFICATIONS

furnished, and work surveyed on reasonable terms.

Feb. 13.

NOTICE.

HARRIS & Co., Butchers, Cattle dealers, &c., Queen's Market, Victoria, V. I., and Queen's Market, New Westminster, B. C.,

Are prepared to furnish Families, Hotels, and Traders in general, with all kinds of fresh meat and vegetables of the best quality, and at the lowest rates. Also will furnish parties residing in the upper country, say Langley, Hope, Yale, Douglas, &c., with all kinds of live stock. Orders received will be punctually attended to.

fe13-tc

NEW TIN SHOP.

CHARLES CATO, worker in Tin, Copper, Zinc and Lead, has commenced business in Mr. Kennedy's building, on Columbia street, where he solicits a share of the public patronage. ap25

NEW WESTMINSTER BAKERY AND GENERAL PROVISION STORE.

THE SUBSCRIBER, in opening out his new premises would inform his customers and the public generally that he will keep constantly on hand, in addition to all kinds of Bread, Biscuit, and Pies, a large and complete stock of Family Groceries and Provisions, which he is prepared to sell very low. Also has on hand a large stock of the best Olympia and other brands of Flour, which he is prepared to wholesale as low as the same article can be imported.

N. B.—A number of first-class stores to let upon very reasonable terms to respectable parties.

PHILIP HICK.

Corner Columbia-st. and Lytton-square, New Westminster. feb13-tc

SAFES! SAFES!

F. TILMAN,



90 Battery-street,

SAN FRANCISCO,

SOLE AGENT for Tilton & McFarland's celebrated Fire-proof and Burglar Safes. This safe is well known in the market for its unsurpassed fire-proof quality, having withstood in California, as well as in the East, the hottest fires known. We can refer to endless certificates from parties in our mining towns, where these safes have been subjected to the most severe tests of its fire-proof qualities. The safes are secured by our Combination Lock. This lock is in every respect the most secure one in use; It requires the key and combination to open the safe. If the key should be abstracted from the owner, it would be perfectly useles to the possessor without his knowledge of the combination, or mental key, which the owner carries in his head.

To those in want of a reliable safe we offer the above cheaper than any other in the the market.

☞ A large assortment on hand and to arrive.

F. TILMAN.

ap11 90 Battery st., San Francisco.

INTERNATIONAL SALOON.

WHARF STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER.

THE UNDERSIGNED having fitted up this saloon in a neat and comfortable manner, now offer to their friends and the public in general the choicest wines, liquors, and cigars.

Oysters in every style, prepared by an experienced hand.

feb13-tc OLIVER & BAILEY.

KEATINGS' COUGH LOZENGES.

A SAFE and certain remedy for coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other affections of the throat and chest. In incipient Consumption, Asthma, &c., they are unfailing. Being free from any hurtful ingredient, they may be taken by the most delicate female or the youngest child.

The following is an extract from a letter received from New Zealand.

'Auckland, N. Z., Nov. 19, 1858.

* * * A lady to whom I gave some of your invaluable Cough Lozenges, and likewise several members of her family, who were troubled with severe coughs and colds, (especially the youngest child, who had a hard croupy cough) have experienced great relief, and speak of them in the highest terms. One of my children, too, who was troubled in a like manner, has taken them with the greatest advantage. On account of their pleasant taste, children will readily take them, when they will not take other medicines. I may add that the lady above referred to, informed me that she had frequently purchased them, when residing in India, of Messrs. Treacher & Co., Bombay."

Prepared and sold in boxes and tins of various sizes, by Thomas Keating, Chemist, 79, St Paul's Chuch-yard London. Retailed by all Druggists and Patent Medicine vendors, in the world.

N. B.—To prevent spurious imitations, please to observe that the words "KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES," are engraven on the government stamp of each box, without which none are genuine.

Agent for Vancouver Island, A. M. SEARBY.

jan19-3m Victoria.

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Dr. Seddall,	5	0	0
Capt. Parsons,	5	0	0
Mr. Begbie,	10	0	0
Mr. Holbrook,	5	0	0
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Capt. Grant,	5	0	0
Rev. Mr. Knipe,	3	0	0
Rev. Mr. Sheepshanks,	3	0	0
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New Westminster, April 9th, 1861, ap11

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HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

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Merely because we prescribe for their effect, instead of their cause, and try to relieve symptoms instead of triking at their root. The action of these Pills is precisely the reverse. They expel from the secretive organs and the circulation the morbid matter which produces inflammation, pain, fever, debility, and physical decay; and the basis of disease being removed, its manifestations vanish. While ordinary remedies only afford a temporary respite to the sufferer, whereas these Pills annihilate the disorder.

Ill Health in Hot Countries.

Frequently arises from nervous disorders affecting the action of the heart and deranging the whole animal economy; these fine Pills will restore the nervous system however deranged, and bring back health and spirits when all other medicine has failed.

Bilious and Liver Complaints.

Frequently lead to the worst phases of human suffering, yet how many in the East and West Indies, and most of our Foreign Possessions, are thus afflicted, unknowing the means of cure placed within their grasp; such should take a few boxes of these Pills according to the directions given in the books, and their ailments will quickly leave them.

Dropsical Swellings and Turn of Life.

This is a most disastrous period in woman's history it destroys thousands, the whole of the gross humors collect together, and like a tide sweep away health and life itself, if not timely and powerfully checked. The most certain remedy for all these dangerous symptoms is Holloway's Pills. Armed with this great antidote, the fiery ordeal is passed through, and the sufferer is once more restored to the possession of unimpaired health. These Pills are equally efficacious in all female complaints, and obstructions at the dawn of womanhood.

Stomach and Liver Complaints.

These are complaints of the million, particularly fo those in warm latitudes; few escape them; and, if neglected, they lead to innumerable dangerous maladies But why neglect them when Holloway's Pills will eradicate them as certainly as water extinguishes fire? They relieve the bowels, purify the fluids, and invigorate the system and the constitution at the same time. They are admitted by virtue of special decrees into the dominions of despotism, and thus have become a great household remedy.

Dysentery and Bowel Complaints.

These famous Pills should be taken once or twice a week by all classes in this part of the world, by which means, none need fear the attacks of these direful scourges.

A Word to Females.

The local debility and irregularities which are the special annoyance of the weaker sex, and which, when neglected, always shortens life, are relieved for the time being and prevented for the time to come, by a course of this mild but thorough alterative.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Bilious Complaints	Erysipelas	Stone and Gravel
Blotches on the skin	Female Irregularities	Liver Complaints
Bowel Complaints	Fevers of all kinds	Lumbago
Colics	Fits	Piles
Constipation of the Bowels	Gout	Retention of Urine
Consumption	Head-ache	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Debility	Indigestion	Sore Throats
Dropsy	Inflammation	Secondary Sympt
Dysentery	Tumours	Tic Douloureux
Venereal Affections	Worms of all kinds	Ulcers
		Weakness, from whatever cause. &c., &c.

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London. also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in medicines throughout the civilized world.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

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SOKOLOSKY & LEWIN beg leave to inform the public that they keep constantly on hand a large assortment of Oregon fruits, confectionaries, cigars, tobaccos, pipes, toys, Yankee notions, &c.

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DR. ROSENBAUM'S STOMACH BITTERS!

For the cure of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation Loss of Appetite or any Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid action of the Stomach or Bowels.

All of these diseases you will soon be relieved of, by use of these Bitters, as per directions on the Bottles. This great anti-dyspeptic is the result of profound and elaborate study of one of the most celebrated physicians of the present century, in the accomplishment of which he has spent both time and money. We do not hesitate to affirm that where Dr. Rosenbaum's Stomach Bitters are used, a case of Fever and Ague cannot occur. It has been analyzed by the most scientific chemists in the Medical Faculty, and is now prescribed by nine-tenths of the Physicians of the land. Try them—test them—on your constitution, and go your way rejoicing.

Are you dyspeptic?—take these Stomach Bitters.

Are you bilious?—try one of these bottles and be relieved at once.

Are you annoyed by indigestion or constipation?—remove the cause by a free use of the Bitters.

Have you fever and ague?—cure and prevent this destroying disease by the free use of these Bitters.

The superiority of these Bitters has induced many to put up a spurious article. To prevent deception in future, each cork will be branded, "N. B. JACOBS & Co." And the labels will bear our own signature, without which, none are genuine.

CAUTION.—Consumers of Rosenbaum's Bitters are cautioned against the many counterfeits now afloat in the market, and especially against a cheap and worthless article called Rosenschf's Bitters, put up in this by Messrs. Turner Bro.'s, with the avowed intention of preying on the well-earned reputation of Rosenbaum's Bitters, as a remedial agent in all cases of Dyspepsia and similar diseases. The genuine Rosenbaum has our name branded on each cork, and our signature on each label.

N. B. JACOBS & Co., Proprietors
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ASTONISHING REMEDY!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

It Expels Disease!

It is said that all productions of human skill have their day, and are superseded by new inventions or discoveries. Not so with this remedy. "It is not fora day, but for all time, and in all countries." And Why? Because it strikes at the generic root of all diseases in the blood, and medical art can accomplish nothing beyond that. The Ointment, penetrating through flesh and fibre, like water through a porous substance, reaches the germ or disease, such as scrofula, erysipelas, cancer, tumor, and all eruptive and ulcerous discharges in the circulation, and eradicates the taint at once and forever in this climate.

Bad Legs.

This Ointment will cure any case of Bad Leg even if of twenty years standing, or however hard or discolored the flesh may be, or if swollen the size of a person's body, provided the Ointment is well rubbed into the whole of the parts affected twice a day in large quantities, and the parts kept covered with linen rags thickly spread with the Ointment; from this mode of treatment, a plentiful discharge of unhealthy humor will follow, until the wounds are all healed on the leg, or other parts assume their natural appearance.

Old Woinds, Sores, and Ulcers.

The most inveterate cases of bad legs, scrofulous, or other sores, are cured, if of 20 years standing, by the joint use of the Ointment and Pills. The effect of this unrivalled remedy upon virulent ulcers and sores, is almost miraculous. It first discharges the poison which produces suppuration and proud flesh, and thus the cures which its healing properties afterwards complete, are safe as well as permanent. It has a wonderful effect in the cure of sores occasioned by mosquetos, sandflies, or giggers.

Piles.

This Ointment will cure the worst cases of Piles if used according to the printed directions even if of 20 years standing.

Eruptions on the Skin.

Blotches, pimples, dry eruptions, and all irritations of the skin, fade and disappear after a few applications of Holloway's Ointment. In these cases brisk friction is indispensable. Many of the ordinary eruptions are caused by suppressed perspiration, and as this penetrating ungnent at once opens the pores, and invigorates the absorbents, it dissipates the inflammation by a double process. Ladies whose faces or arms are disfigured by cutaneous diseases, may readily remove the blemish and restore to the skin its natural tint, flexibility, and softness, by the use of this safe but powerful counter-irritant.

King's Evil, Fever Sores.

In cases of King's Evil where medicinal waters, lotions, and every recipe of pharmacopœia have proved useless, the Ointment will accomplish a thorough cure. Fever sores heal quickly under its influence, and its relaxing effect upon contracted sinews is truly wonderful.

Rheumatism, Scrofula, Erysipelas.

These are among the mostterrible and agonizing diseases, yet in their worst forms, and when seemingly incurable, they invariably disappear under a persevering application of this soothing, healing antidote to pain and inflammation.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:—

Bad Legs.	Contracted and Stiff Joints.	Scalds.
Bad Breasts.	Elephantiasis.	Sore Nipples.
Burns.	Fistulas.	Sore-throats.
Bunions.	Gout.	Skin-diseases.
Bite of Mosquetoes and Sand-Flies.	Glandular Swellings.	Scurvy.
Coco-bay.	Lumbago.	Sore-heads.
Chiego-foot.	Piles.	Tumors.
Corns (soft).	Rheumatism.	Ulcers.
Cancers.		Wounds.
		Yaws.

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☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

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